Fractions Revisited<br>AIM Math Teachers' Circle<br>Joshua Zucker, September 9, 2010<br>joshua.zucker@stanfordalumni.org

1. Fractions Quick Concept Quiz (Thanks to Jason Dyer's "The Number Warrior" blog)
i. Why can every fraction be represented an infinite number of ways?
ii. How do you simplify a fraction? This procedure is often called "reducing" - why is this a good name? Why is this a bad name?
iii. When is simplifying fractions important? When is it not important?
iv. Why do the denominators need to be the same when adding (or subtracting) fractions?
v. Why do the denominators not need to be the same when multiplying two fractions?
vi. Why is $\frac{2}{3}+\frac{5}{3}=\frac{7}{6}$ wrong and $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{5}{3}=\frac{10}{9}$ right?
vii. Why is dividing by $1 / 2$ the same as multiplying by 2 ?
viii.How can common denominators help in dividing fractions?
2. Smallest Sum (From Sam Vandervelde)

Using the four numbers 96, 97, 98, and 99, build two fractions whose sum is as small as possible. As an example, you might try 99/96 + 97/98 but that is not the smallest sum.
3. Simpsons (with thanks to http://www.cut-the-knot.com)
i. Lisa's lemonade stand sells 20 cups of lemonade for 30 cents each and 80 cookies for 50 cents each. What is the average price per item?
ii. Bart's lemonade stand sells 80 cups of lemonade for 40 cents each and 20 cookies for 60 cents each. What is the average price per item?
iii. Whose lemonade stand has the lower prices? Per item? Per cup? Per cookie?
4. More Simpsons
i. In their first basketball practice, Bart makes 5 out of 11 free throws while Lisa makes 3 out of 7. Who is the better free throw shooter?
ii. In their second basketball practice, Bart makes 6 out of 9 free throws while Lisa makes 9 out of 14 . Who is the better free throw shooter?
iii. Who is the better free throw shooter?

## 5. In the Space Between

i. Name a fraction between $11 / 15$ and $7 / 10$.
ii. Name the fraction with smallest denominator between $11 / 15$ and $7 / 10$.
iii. (Adapted from davidbau.com, which in turn adapted it from Gelfand and Shen Algebra) First you draw red marks to divide a long straight board into 7 equal pieces. Then you draw green marks to divide the same board into 13 equal pieces. Finally you decide to cut the board into $7+13=20$ equal pieces. How many marks are on each piece?

